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JUNE 2, 1881.

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The Washington Bee

VOL. XII WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11 1893. N 2.

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Do you want reliable news?
Do you want a fearless race advocate?
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Yes sthe time–don't delay t[o] consult the greatest living Clairvoyant on eath. To be forewarn[ed] is to be forearmed. Come to[-]day and know thy destiny at once. Remain longer in darkness, but seek the light of knowledge, and learn what the mysterious future holds for you.

The fact that the lady is the only Clairvoyant in the State that can assist the troubled, bring happiness to the unhappy, and give help in all misfortune and trouble either by personal interview or by letter, is only too well known by thousands who come to see her from near and afar. Her mysterious powers have convinced the most skeptical that she perfectly understands the science of all the workings of love and lucky charms, which will overcome your enemies, remove all family trouble and unhappiness; brings the separated together—never fails restores lost affections; brings speedy and happy marriages to the one you love; removes evil influences; breaks up all bad habits, spell conjuring, and gives luck and happiness to last a life time. She will give correct information on law suits, divorces, absent friends, and never failing advice to young people on love, courtship and marriage, and how to choose a partner for happiness, what business you will succeed and make money at. Gives initials of present and future wife or husband. Thousands have been made happy by her never failing help and advice to those that have been crushed down by misfortune and unhappiness. Reader. if you have been deceived by the many unscrupulous pretenders found in every city, judge not all alike, for your own conscience tells you there is a way to overcome all evils, just the same as there is medicine or all diseases. All who are in trouble, whose fond hopes and ambitions have been blasted, who have been deceived and disappointed by false predictions of others, before giving up, are invited to consult this true lady, she guarantees perfect satisfaction. Call and be convinced of the above true statements. Fee 50 cts. and $1 00. Those who cannot call on me can have their life written in full from cradle to grave by sending $2 00, correct name and year of birth, sex color of hair. Any other information cheerfully answered on receipt stamped envelope.

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Practical Watchmaker and Jewele
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Fine and Complicated Watch and Music Box Repairing a Specialty.

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ARE ENTITLED.

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Late Commissioner of Pensions.
Washington, D. C.

[illegible] Stomach Bitters, and other words, we will teach you FREE, and start you in business at which you can rapidly gather in the dollars. We can and will, if you please, teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time, or spare moments only, to the work. What we offer is new and it has been proved over and over again, that great pay is sure for every worker. Easy to learn. No special ability required. Reasonable industry only necessary for sure, large success. We start you, furnishing everything. This is one of the great chances forward. It is probably the greatest opportunity [illegible] have ever known. Now is the time. Delay means [illegible] particulars free. Better write at once. Address GEORGE STINSON & Co., Box 488, Portland, Maine.

[illegible] KIDNEY AND LIVER BITTERS. All dealers keep it, 81 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

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Send ten cents (silver) or twelve cents in stamps for a Handy Pocket Guide to the great Exposition; gives information of value to every visitor, Street Guide, Hotel Prices, Cab Fares, Restaurant Rates, etc. Describes the hiddem pitfalls for the unwary, and hints how to keep out of them. This indispensable companion to every visitor to the windy city will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of ten cents silver, or twelve cents in stamps. Address

H. STAFFORD, Publisher,
P. O. Box 226 New York, N. Y.
Please mntion this paper.

How Is This?

Something unique even in these days of mammoth premium offers is the latest effort of Stafford's Magazine, a New York monthly of home and general reading.

The proposition is to send the Magazine one year for one dollar, the regular subscription price, and in addition to send each subscriber fifty-two complete novels during the twelve months—one each week.

Think of it. You receive a new and complete novel by mail, post paid, every week for fifty-two weeks, and in addition you get the magazine once a month for twelve months, all for one dollar. It an offer which the publishers can only afford to make in the confident expectation of one hundred thousand subscribers. Among the authors in the coming series are Wilk. Collins, Walter Besant, Mrs. Oliphant, Mary Cecil Hay, Florence Marryat, Anthony Trollope, A. Conan Doyle, Miss Braddon, Captain Marryat, Miss Thackery, and Jules Verne. If you wish to take advantage of this unusual opportunity send one dollar for Stafford's Magazine, one year. Your first copy of the magazine and your first number of the fifty-two novels (one each week) which you are to receive during the year will be sent you by return mail. Remit by P. Order, registered letter or exprsss. Address

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P. O. Box 2264,
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Please mention this paper.

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Late A. U. S. Special agent in the morgage branch of the 11th Census,

Attorney at Law,

420 th street N. W. Wash., D. C
Howard University Law Building.

Practices in all the Courts in the District of Columbia. Claims and other collections attended to.

ADVERTISERS

can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of advertising in American papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co.,

Newspaper Advertising Bureau,
10 Spruce St., New York.
Enclose 10cts. for 100-page Pamphlet.

THE CAW'S PEN AND INK COMPANY EXHIBIT AT CHICAGO.

From the Scientific American, Sept. 16th, 18[illegible]

Among the Exhibits in the great Manufactuers and Liberal Arts Building at the Fair, one very beautifully arranged showcase is devoted to the display of the well-known goods of the Caw's Pen and Ink Company of 104 Broadway, New York. These articles have been so popular from their large use by all who have any writing to do in every department of business and in all walks of life as well as from the numberless unstinted indorsements of men prominent in the leading professions, that any detailed description would be superfluous. Fountain Pens, for many years used almost exclusively by reporters and traveling men, have within a comparatively short period become almost indispensable to the business man and to those whose avocations are of a literary character in anyway. This is because these pens have of late been made so simple, clean and thoroughly effective that one can, now with the least care, depend upon alway shaving and conveniently carrying upon the person a pen in good working condition, without danger of soiling the clothes or fingers therewith, the ink carried in the holder, and readily replenished, being sufficient to do a large amount of work. In consequence, also, of this largely increased use, and of the improvements introduced in the manufacture, the prices of this class of pe have been very greatly reduced. Caw's "Dashaway" Fountain Pen, a regular first quality gold pen of any standard shape or size may be used. In this respect it differs from all other fountain pen. Another difference is in its double feed." one on each side of the gold pen, which insures a more uniform and reliable delivery of ink than can be obtained from a single feed. President Cleveland uses one of these pens and has furnished the Company with a hand some testimonial. In Caw's Stylographic Pens the inventor seems to have obtained the acme of perfection and simplicity. The writing is done with a circular point similar to a pencil, but being tipped with and alloy of iridium and plantinum, making it almost as hard as diamond, it will last many years. The Stylographic Pen carries ink in the holder the same as the Fountain Pen, and by many it is preferred to the ordinary split pen. With both of these pens any good writing or copying ink manufactured by the Caw's Pen and Ink Company has a high reputation as the pens, and has had a very large sale in stationery trade for any years. It is a good black when a first used, and in its maunfacture an especial point is made to produce and ink which will not fade or mould, and will not gum or corrode the pen. The Company displays its medals from the New Orleans Exposition of 1884, and the Paris Exposition of 1889, and expects to be equally successful in competition in Chicago.

KENSINGTON STAMPING OUTFIT FREE!

Being fully aware of the great interest the ladies are taking in Kensington Work, we have prepared a **Complete Outfit** containing 50 **Perforated Stamping patterns** on best government bond parchment Paper, all different, including Sprays of Golden Rod, Pansies, Wild Roses, Forget-me-nots, Thistles, Strawberries, Outlines of Boy, Girl, Bugs, Spiders, Storks, Scollops for Skirts, Crazy Stitch Patterns, Crystal Etchings, Borders, Pond Lilies, Tulips, &c., &c., 50 in all, ranging in size from 1 to 9 in. to 7 inches, also **1 Box Blue Stamping Powder, 1 Box White Stamping Powder, 1 Patent reversible Ponset,** and full and complete directions for Kensington Stamping and Embroidery, Kensington Painting, Lustre, Metallic Flutter and Irridescent Painting, Colors used and mixing of Colors, Ribbon Embroidery, Chenille and Arasene Work, Correct Colors of all the different flowers, Description of every stitch used in embroidery, &c., making a complete Outfit that cannot be bought at retail for less than $4.00. To introduce FARM AND HOUSEHOLD, the large, 32 page illustrated magazine devoted to the interests of the Country Home and Household, we will send one of these Outfits complete free and postpaid, to any lady who will send 25c. for 1 year's subscription to the Magazine. Five for $1; Money cheerfully refunded if not more than satisfactory. Address FARM AND HOUSEHOLD, Box 49, Hartford Conn.

TO ADVERTISERS.

For a check for $20 we will print a ten-line advertisement in One Million issues of leading American Newspapers and complete the work within ten days. This is at the rate of only one-fifth of a cent a line, for 1,000 Circulation! The advertisement will appear in but a single issue of any paper, and consequently will be placed before One Million different newspaper purchasers; or FIVE MILLION READERS, if it is true, as is sometimes stated, that every newspaper is looked at by five persons on an average. Ten lines will accommodate about 75 words. Address with copy of Adv. and check, or send 30 cents for Book of 256 pages.
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 SPRUCE ST., NEW YORK.

We have just issued a new edition of our Book called "Newspaper Advertising." It has 256 pages, and among its contents may be named the following Lists and Catalogues of Newspapers:—
DAILY NEWSPAPERS IN NEW YORK CITY with their Advertising Rates.
DAILY NEWSPAPERS IN CITIES HAVING more than 150,000 population, omitting all but the best.
DAILY NEWSPAPERS IN CITIES HAVING more than 20,000 population, omitting all but the best.
A SMALL LIST OF NEWSPAPERS IN which to advertise every section of the country: being a choice selection made up with great care, guided by long experience.
ONE NEWSPAPER IN A STATE. The best one for an advertiser to use if he will use but one.
BARGAINS IN ADVERTISING IN DAILY Newspapers in many principal cities and towns, a List which offers peculiar inducements to some advertisers.
LARGEST CIRCULATIONS. A complete list of all American papers issuing regularly more than 25,000 copies.
THE BEST LIST OF LOCAL NEWSPAPERS, covering every town of over 5,000 population and every important county seat.
SELECT LIST OF LOCAL NEWSPAPERS, in which advertisements are inserted at half price.
5,472 VILLAGE NEWSPAPERS, in which advertisements are inserted for $61.15 a line and appear in whole lot—one-half of American Weeklies

THEY SAY.

It was a waterloo.

Just as the BEE said.

How does the republican commissioner feel now?

Place a small man in a big office he will lose his head.

Sudden elevation is injurious at times.

It will effect most anything.

A dead body should not be sudden ly elevated.

Some dead bodies you can't elevate at all.

Certainly live ones will stand a poor show.

Republican negroes who had democratic proclivities are about to change front.

There are several negroes under the street sweeping department who have been indorsed by democrats to be retained.

The colored democrats are not in it

Mr. Astwood is about convinced that there will be no change at the Freedman's Hospital.

Had he took the advice of the BEE he would have been confirmed.

The Bee will be printed on its new press in a few weeks.

It will be the greatest race journal in the country.

Did you hear the news on last Tuesday?

An election was held some where in the United States.

Some people think they know it all.

There should be a colored bar sociation.

Let the colored men organized a business association.

Who will start the movement? Who.

There is a great deal of cut throat business among the colored attorneys.

McKinly will be the nominee in 96.

The issue will be protective tariff.

The tiger lost his head and body.

The tiger cannot always scare the people.

Colored people should not buy ice cream and cake from stores in which they cannot eat.

There are some well conducted business houses controlled by our people.

We should preserve our self respect and give them our patronage.

To patronize these well conducted enterprises means business for our sons and daughters.

Unity is what is needed among the colored race.

Call at this office and see plat for the beautiful lots for sale in East Deanwood, D. C.

The "Coteries" is the name of a new club composed of twelve young ladies.

The influence of the pulpit as a rule, is greater than any other medium except newspapers.

A great deal of reformation can be made among some of our preachers.

It is not in good taste for a minister to talk against any denominatio..

Immoral people are being elevated above our good men and women.

What is the world coming to?

Are the reasons for the non-confirmation of Messers. Astwood and Taylor plausible?

Mr. Chas. Douglass can be classed as a prophet.

The President will perhaps, commission these gentlemen.

The Bee wishes them success.

Did anything happen on last Tuesday?

Well yes something was heard to fall.

Th republican commissioner is not so brave after all.

The President will call for his resignation in a few days.

He will be given an opportunity to explain.

The democratic Health officers occupation will soon be gone.

These weak need white republicans have changed the front.

McKinly will be the man in 96.

THIS WEEK'S NEWS.

A Summary of Current Events—The World's Doings for the Past Six Days Gathered and Condensed for Our Readers.

General.

The silver crisis is producing a severe depression in India.

Prohibitionists in Iowa talk of running an independent ticket.

The grape crop in southwestern New York will be nearly double that of last year.

The $50,000 fund for a new auditorium at Ocean Grove is about completed.

Open-air meetings of workingmen will be allowed twice a week in Union Square, New York.

In a conflict between haymakers and soldiers which has taken place on the Cherokee Strip four of the former were killed.

The Mid-Winter Fair Directors, at San Francisco, have accepted plans for four buildings, which will cost about $360,000.

Receivers of the Troy Steel and Iron Company will continue the works in operation, and say the indebtedness will be paid.

South Carolina's dispensary law has won a partial victory, a lawyer's contention that it was unconstitutional being dismissed by court.

John Boyd Thacher and the World's Fair award system were unanimously and formally indorsed by the Associated American Exhibitors at Chicago.

The continuation of gold shipments to the United States is expected to cause shortly a rise of the Bank of England's rate to 5 or even 6 per cent.

The International Medical Congress has been postponed until April next, owing to the cholera in Italy. The American delegates are already in Europe.

Mrs. Frank Reinhardt, a widow of St. Paul, Minn., has been apprised that she is an heiress, if not the only heir, to an estate in India valued at $25,000,000.

At a conference of Democrats in Des Moines, Iowa, it was decided to urge Governor Horace Boies to accept the party's nomination for United States Senator.

The Ukraine, an old sub-division of Russia and Southeastern Poland, has demanded independence, and many students and others in the plot have been arrested.

Word has been received from Miss Frances E. Willard of her entire recovery to health. She will remain at Lucerne, Switzerland, until October 1, when she will start for home.

Jack Dempsey, the once champion middle-weight pugilist, has been confined in a private insane asylum at Chicago, and his match with Dick Burge, the English champion, is off.

William H. Grenfell, the Liberal member of Parliament who opposed Gladstone's silver policy and the admission of Irishmen to the imperial Parliament, was defeated for re-election by Radcliffe Cook, Conservative.

The British Government has denied the report of the release of Dr. Gallagher, who was sent to prison for life in England ten years ago for complicity in dynamite explosions designed to further the ends of the Irish revolutionists.

It is said the big diamond which is the star of the Tiffany exhibit at the World's Fair has been bought by Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes, wife of the Chicago street railway king. The price paid for the diamond is said to have been $100,000.

While playing ball in Chicago Sunday Peter Hyland was struck in the back of the neck by a ball from the hands of the pitcher, and almost instantly killed. His neck was broken and he died without uttering a word. Edward G. Carter, the pitcher, was arrested.

Five thousand unemployed workingmen in New York marched to Walhalla Hall to hold a meeting, and on being refused admission by the proprietor, smashed in the doors and windows and made a complete wreck of the place. The police cleared the building and made a number of arrests.

Edward Brennan, whose home is at No. 1780 Washington avenue, New York city, was carried over Niagara Falls Sunday. He and some companions were jumping from the small boats anchored at Grass Island, when he missed his foothold and fell into the current. His body was carried to the whirlpool.

Mrs. Belle Hinds, a deserted wife, twenty-four years of age, residing at Waterbury, Conn., has brought a suit for damages to the amount of $50,000 against Miss Elizabeth Williams, of New Bedford, for the alienation of the affections of her husband, Frank F. Hinds, a clothing drummer. Miss Williams is wealthy.

Continued disorder bordering on anarchy has constrained the Government of Argentine to proclaim martial law throughout the Republic. Rebels and revolutionists, as the adherents of the Liberal party are termed, are to be disarmed, and peace is to be guaranteed and enforced by the mobilisation of the National Guard.

OUR FOREIGN EXPORTS.

They Show a Present Increase, but a Falling Off for the Year.

The Bureau of Statistics at Washington has issued a comparative statement of exports for the fiscal year of 1893 and 1893 up to June 1st. The exports of mineral oils were as follows:

For the month ended May 31 last $3,758,149. an increase over the month of May, 1892, of more than $500,000: for the eleven months ended May 31 last $37,611,595. a decrease from the corresponding period of 1892 of more than $3,000,000. The total values of the exports of cotton are reported as follows: For the month ended May 31 last $11,251,126, an increase of nearly $500,000 over May of last year, but for the nine months ended May 31 last $174,779,878, a decrease of nearly $68,000,000 from the corresponding period of 1892.

The bureau reports the total values of beef, hog, and dairy products exported as follows: For the month ended May last $10,400,410, a falling off of nearly $700,000 as compared with the exports for a similar period of 1892; for the five months ended May 31 last $45,345,993, a loss of a little more than $10,000,000, as compared with the same months of 1892.

AN AMERICAN PRINCESS.

A Young Vanderbilt Said to be About to Wed a Borghese.

According to a recent telegram, it looks at Paris as if there is to be an American princess. It is said that a young Vanderbilt is to be the happy groom, and the daughter of the house of Borghese the blushing bride. The only impediment to the union seems to be the religious scruples of the Italians. The Borghese, who claim the distinction of having a saint among their ancestors, and a sainted Pope at that (Paul V. in 1605), can hardly afford to mix with a family of disbelievers, as they call them in Rome. They are also somewhat chagrined over the fact that the Vanderbilts cannot go back further than a steamboat captain.

The Vanderbilts, on the other hand, have recalled the fact that one of the best known of the family, Camillo Borghese, married the widow of a commoner, though she was the sister of Napoleon Bonaparte, to which the Borghese reply that Camillo separated from his wife after the overthrow of Napoleon, and broke off all communciation with the family of the Corsican.

Fortune Lost by Greed.

Tom Flemming, Jr., of Memphis, Tenn., a miserly son of a stingy father, had $2,683 in gold coin stolen from a chest in a garret, along with mortgages and deeds representing nearly $100,000, which he was too stingy to have recorded. Tom Bowland, a farm hand, was accused of the robbery and went to a field and unearthed $1,500 of the money. He took the remainder from under the roots of a tree. The thief admitted he burned the deeds. The makers of the deeds and mortgages will repudiate their agreement. Not being on record Flemming will lose nearly the entire amount called for by them.

The German Elections.

The canvass in Germany draws to a close with the usual multiplicity of hopes and fears. The confidence felt by the Government recently that it would find a majority in the new Reichstag ready to accept a compromise Army bill has vanished gradually before the approach of the decisive day, and its newspaper organs now speak in an uncertain tone, which is interpreted generally as ominous for Chancellor von Caprivi's defeat. The voting begins on Thursday, June 15, and continues for several days. Three hundred and ninety-seven members of the Reichstag will be elected.

"Old Hutch's" Seat Sold.

The once famous wheat speculator, B. P. Hutchinson, "Old Hutch," has sold his membership in the Chicago Board of Trade. The certificate, which was issued to the old gentleman twenty-six years ago, went at a very low price. It is understood that he realized a little less than $900 by the sale. The membership went into Armour & Co.'s office, the hard-headed senior of that firm buying it for an employee. Hutchinson was at one time worth $8,000,000, accumulated in speculation chiefly. The sale of his membership is taken as marking the formal close of his business career.

Many Have Returned to Work for us, by Mail, Portland, Texas, and Jno. Dana, Toledo, Ohio, are out. Others are doing as well. Why not you? Some earn over $500.00 a month. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $15 a day. All ages. We show you how and start you. You work in spare time or all the time. It is easy for workers. Failure unknown among them. NEW and wonderful. Further par. free. Box 880 Portland, Maine.

THE BEE

Published every Saturday at 1109 1 Street Northwest, Washington, D. C.

Entered at the Post Office at Washington as second class mail matter.

W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

EDITOR ROSS.

There is a desire on the part of some one to continue to misrepresen editor James A. Ross to the administration. Mr. Ross has just returned to the city from the Ohio campaign where he has been making speeches in the interest of the democratic party. He has never, at any time criticised Mr. Cleveland nor did he have the alleged published interview.

MRS. HAGAN IN TOWN.

Mrs. Hagan, the electrician of Wiliamsport, Penn. was in the city this week on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Fannie Gregory, the wife of Prof. James Gregory of Howard University.

Mrs. Hagan is one of the most entertaining and enterprising women in this country. She left for her home Wednesday morning.

THANKSGIVING SUPPER.

The annual Thanksgiving supper of the Berean Baptist church will take place at the church, 18th st bet. L and M. n. w. on Thursday evening, Nov. 30 th. Ticket (including supper) 35 cents, The public are cordially invited.

Wheeler and Wilson new high No. 9 sewing machine for $38 apply at the Bee office.

WANTED at this office a boy who willing to make himself generally useful. Also want two ladies young to learn the printing trade and assit in clerical work.

THE ELECTION.

The election on last Tuesday was no surprise to the BEE. In fact this paper predicted a waterloo for the democratic party several months ago. The question now is how was it done.

Some say that hard times and the money question were the causes. Others say that the failure of the administration to make some effort to stop the lynching of negros in the south and again it is asserted that the President didnot recognize negro democrats. The causes are these: This country is republican from necessity and principle. The democratic party is far behind its leader Mr. Cleveland and his methods are in advance of that party and his failure to indorse the corrupt tammany methods in New York, caused a defeat there and elsewhere. A change of administration when the former one was in a prosperous condtion, caused the manufacture to lose confidence and shut down; the uncertainty of the tariff legistation; the murdering of negroes in the south on mere suspicion without Judge or Jurry; and the ignoring of colored men who supported the democratic party are the causes of the democratic waterloo in a nhel tusl.

Mr. Astwood is the authority for the statement that Dr. Francis will be appointed surgeon in charge of the Freedmens hospital.

The BEE has received reliable information that the case has been settled.

A new paper has made its apearance in the city called the "Political Record". It is well Edited and will no doubt be an important factor in journalism.

McKinly will be the nominee in 96, with Morton of New York for second.

There are certain members of the bar who have joined in the movement to have Judge Kimball removed This is a mistake pure and simple. Judge Kimball is one the finest and most conscientious judges on the bench.

District Attorney Birney pricked all of his enemies in the prosecution of cases. There is no man more qualified for the office than he is.

It is rumored that both Messers Taylor and Astwood will be commissioned by the President.

The Bee indorses the movement among the colored people to organize a business association. It is hoped that such an enterprise will be put in operation immediately.

A colored gentleman of means desires correspondence with a refined educated lady of good standing All letters answered. Only object. mat. Age 20 to 25.
J. M. Chester Pa.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

No better remedy can be found for every form of cough, colds, bronchitis and general debility, or for consumption in any of its stages, than Dr. Wilbor's Compound of Pure Cod-Liver Oil and Phosphates of Lime, Soda and Iron. It is the fruit of long experience and experiment, and its present form can be recommended as the best preparation known to restore vitality and vigor to flesh, nerve, blood and brain. It is manufactured only by DR. ALEXANDER B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, who will send an illustrated circular free on application.

THE NAPOLEON OF HAWAII.

THE BRAVE WILCOX HEARD FROM.

Honlulu, Oct 19, 1893.

Caro Moreno:

I have received yours of Aug 25, Sept. 9 and 21, also the newspapers you kindly sent by every steamer.

I see you published my last letter to you Aug. 31 in the Post of Sept. 18, The Annexation Club did try to carry out its war for spoils but it made very lame success of it. They only succeeded in forcing out Dr. Trousead from the position of Post physician, and the position was filled with an old feeble doctor in health who is a relative of one of the missionary ministers. But the result of this poo and unwise appointment is that the steamship Miowera of the Canadian Australian line ran on the reef of coral. This Provisional Government is the most expensive government that Hawaii ever seen.

And also the most tyranical and unchristian and most barbarious one ever been imposed upon the Hawaiian people by the Ex-Minister Stevens with the aid of the U. S. S. Boston.

However, they all are expecting here, that Minister Willis will be here soon, with full power from Clevelands Administration to restore the government of the Queen wrongly overthrown by Stevens in the most dishonorable way.

It is very amusing to the people to see the ill (bred). Thurston to come out in his true color in lying and falsifying the true situation of the P. G. Of course Thurston has to do that to cover two situation of his petty P. G. But as I said before in my former letters to you, you have the three typical missionaries son's in Washington, Thurston who is a blackguard Alexander, a fraudulent "historian," Oleson a hypocrite and also the infamous liar and, renegade, Hasting alias Moulton to whom the Queen secured a position to save him from starving these last four years. But to tell the truth, they all were supported for their existence these last ten or twenty years by Monarchies, but all turned to be traitors. Those are the kind of men that Stevens put in power to dishonor Hawaii as well as the United States of America. Mr. Alexander's Hawaiian History (that very A exander in Washington now) is getting black eyes from every direction, as one written with an infamous intention to blacken the character of a noble life of some great Hawaiians such as Boki, etc also the life of Jean F. Rives, a Frenchman of Bordeaux, who was here from 1807 to 1823. Jean F. Rives was the originator who induced Pope Leo XII. to send the good Catholic missionaries to the Islands at the time he went to England with King Kamehameha I I. his friend in the capacity as secretay. Alexaander tries to blacken the character of this gentleman who married an Hawaiian chief and had children grand-daughters etc. and some of them are living yet. But lately the question was brought to the notice of the public and turns out that said Jean Fassin Rives was a son of a French naval officer who distinguished himself at the Battle of Abouir and other engagements and was knighted with the Legion of Honor and his son was a scholar and descendent of one of the noble families of Bordeaux in France. Just think what this mean man Alexander is capable of doing to defame the noble character of the dead. So the Washington people will see for themselves the typical missionaries sons who are all in Washington backguarding the Hawaiians whom their fathers educued by the poor missionaries, who came here first without a penny. I hope the dishonorable career of the missionaries sons is at his end and everything will be restored all along the line. My best aloha to you.

Robert W. Wilcox.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Members of the Union League, and all business and professional men and women who are not now members but who wish to become such will please to take Notice that the New Union League Directory will go to press Nov. 20, 1893. To insure insertion and proper classification applications for space must be made immediately to the Secretary,

R. H Terrell.
609 F st, n. w.

By order of the Committee.
Andrew F. Hilyer.
President.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett has been induced to revive "Little Lord Fauntleroy" in a series of articles just comp... The Home Journal, ... How Fauntlero... and traces th... tio...

FOR SALE.

Rare bargains in lots.

Reduced prices to suit the times.

Five dollars cash and $5 dollars monthly without interest.

Deanwood, D. C.
K street, N. E., extended.

Your choice for $180.

Special inducements to cash buyers

Conveyance to inspect lots free of expense.

Call to this office for plat and full particulars.

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933 9th St. N. W.

J. H. Dabney & Burke

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NEW YORK AT GETTYSBURG.

Dedication of the Empire State's Monument to Its Heroes.

The splendid monument erected by the State of New York in honor of those of its sons who were slain in the battle of Gettysburg was dedicated Saturday. In the morning a reception was tendered on Culp's Hill by his brigade to Major-Gen. George S. Greene, of New York, who is in his ninety-third year, and the oldest survivor of the battle of Gettysburg. Gen. Robert Avery presided. On the platform were Governor Flower, of New York, and staff; Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, Gen. Henry W. Slocum, Col. Lewis R. Stegman, who was wounded not fifty yards from where he sat, and others. After prayer by Rev. O. W. Severson, of the One Hundred and Thirty-seventh New York Volunteers, the veterans, of whom there were more than a thousand standing about, sang "America." Then Gen. Avery introduced Gen. Slocum, who made a lengthy speech, in which he gave an account of the battle. Gen. Slocum paid particular attention to the prominent and honorable part taken by the soldiers of the Empire State. In this connection he said: "New York's part on the field of Gettysburg is known to all. Of the Union army on this field about 30 per cent were New York men; of the killed and wounded more than 30 per cent were New Yorkers." When Gen. Slocum finished the veterans gave him three cheers. Then Gen. Greene arose to reply. Many of the veterans had not seen him since the close of the war, and the hero of Culp's Hill was cheered again and again. After Gen. Greene had finished speaking Governor Flower was introduced by Gen. Sickles, who said: "There has been a discussion for a long time as to what should be the national flower. We have settled that in New York State. Our Flower is a daisy and here he is." Governor Flower was greeted with laughter and cheers. He spoke at considerable length, and, in part, said: "This impressive scene is the homage which a great State renders to its martyr sons. The bidding of 6,000,000 people has sent us here to dedicate their token of love to the memory of their soldier dead. You, comrades, of all the living, are most deserving to be here today. The great State which I have the honor to represent on this occasion, and which we are both proud to call our home, delights to pay this mark of respect and appreciation to your services. To you, equally with those who sleep around us, belongs the praise and gratitude of your State and nation."

SENATOR STANFORD'S WILL.

Lucky Albanian's Come in for a Share of His Fortune.

Albany, N. Y., July 3.—According to despatches from California, Charles Stanford, Winfield Stanford and Mrs. Charles Byington, of this city, will get $100,000 each under the will of the late Senator Stanford, and the children of Ariel, Charles G. and Henry C. Lathrop like sums. Senator Stanford left $2,500,000 to the trustees of the University; $300,000 to Thomas W. Stanford, a brother; $100,000 to Josiah Stanford, a brother, and $100,000 to A. P. Stanford, another brother. The house and furniture at San Francisco go to Mrs. Stanford. The will sets apart $100,000 for the erection of a tomb for the remains of the Senator and his wife and son, and leaves $100,000 to each of Stanford's nephews and nieces, of whom there are a number. His wife is made the residuary legatee. The instrument was originally dated November 29, 1886, but a number of codicils have been added. The last codicle, made January 25, 1893, makes several personal bequests. Fifteen thousand dollars is given to Herbert C. Nash, his private secretary and the tutor of his dead son. One hundred thousand dollars each is given to Ariel, Charles G. and Henry C. Lathrop, brothers of his wife.

ON ROOFS AMID FLOODS.

Many People Starving to Death on Tops of Buildings.

New Orleans, July 3.—Almost without warning the relentless waters, pouring through the Rescue crevasse, now 800 feet wide, swept down the New River basin last Tuesday night, carrying destruction in their path. People were imprisoned in their houses and cabins and driven into garrets and to the roofs of buildings. There many of them are yet huddled, enduring the pangs of hunger, for they have no means of cooking food. So far as reported ten lives have been lost, and there is no telling how many more may perish unless succor comes soon. An idea of the extent and depth of the flood may be formed from the fact that there is from five to seven feet of water at Dutchtown. Capt. Henry Deal's house is the only one along the entire extent of New River settlement, a distance of some twenty-five miles, with its floor still above the surface of the flood. It is hoped the steady decline of the river will affect the back water, at least sufficiently to prevent any further rise. Two fleets of skiffs have been sent to the rescue.

Guards for Gov. Tillman.

The operation of the new liquor law in South Carolina, which makes the State the dispenser of drinking fluids, was begun in the midst of some trepidation on the part of the Governor, his feeling in this respect being due to certain threats which came to him relative to his own safety. In view of these circumstances Governor Tillman had the Executive Mansion guarded Friday night by a number of guards from the penitentiary. There were no developments and the rumors could not be traced to any authentic source. As a result of the law there has been a sudden movement in the jug business, these articles being seen at many railroad stations bearing all sorts of labels from cologne to vinegar and cholera mixture.

The Duke Was Pleased.

New York, July 1. — The Duke of Veragua sailed from here to-day on the French steamship La Bretagne. He said before going on board: "It is hard for me to endeavor to express the pleasure I and those who are with me have experienced during our visit here. This is a great country. The people are [illegible]

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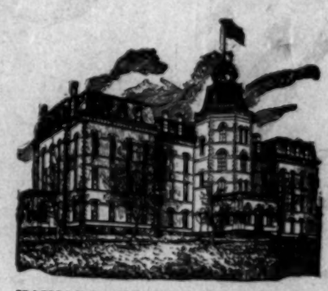

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TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The strike of longshoremen has collapsed after a fitful fight of ten days.

The Republican State convention has been called to meet at Syracuse on October 10.

Since the first of August forty-eight suspended national banks have resumed business.

The total net receipts of gold in New York from Europe in the past six weeks have been $34,578,354.

The great Brooklyn Futurity race at Sheepshead Bay was won by Domino, who captured $49,715 in stakes.

A Chinese mob near Mien Yang looted a Catholic chapel and destroyed the houses of several native converts.

R. D. Wrenn won the tennis championship of the United States at Newport. The winner is a Harvard man.

The English Admiralty has decided to continue building battleships in spite of the disaster to the Victoria.

Mrs. Lucy Hooper, the well-known writer and art critic, died in Paris, after a lingering illness, aged fifty-eight.

Stories of President Carnot's serious illness are pronounced untrue by the Paris correspondent of the London Times.

Mystery surrounds the case of T. L. Shortell, a St. Louis passenger agent, found dying of morphine poisoning in a park.

There were 1,000,000 paid admissions to the Chicago Fair last week. The end of summer is bringing great crowds to the Fair.

Democrats and Republicans in Seward County, Kansas, will unite in a joint county convention to nominate a ticket against the Populists.

Jack O. Myers, the burglar who made a sensational escape from the Tombs prison, New York city, last July, has been recaptured.

Two Choctaw ringleaders, Sillan Lewis and Simon Wade, will be executed at Macallister, I. T., September 8, while others will get a new trial.

Women suffragists in Kansas will open a campaign in favor of equal suffrage in Kansas City September 1 and 2. Many women will take the stump.

During the past six weeks over 60,000,000 bushels of wheat have been exported to Europe. In the corresponding period of last year less than 20,000,000 bushels were exported.

Between March 4, 1893, and August 30, 1893, the total number of pensions of all classes granted under the general law was 26,426, and under the act of June 27, 1890, the total was 24,851.

Governor Flower has recommended the suspension of Supt. Brockway of the Elmira, N. Y., Reformatory pending investigation of the charges of brutality made against him by the New York World and other papers.

Abe Buzzard, ex-highwayman, is the chief figure in a camp meeting now being held in a grove in East Nottingham township, about a mile from Lincoln Station, Pa. "Big Frank" Carr, who is now at Rawlinsville, is expected later.

Since the filing of the settlement of the Ann Arbor Railroad's suit against Chief Locomotive Engineer Arthur the terms of settlement have been disclosed. Arthur pays $2,500 and the costs specified to settle the case.

The London Standard's Paris correspondent says that M. Floquet, on leaving a stormy political meeting in the Rue Angouleme Friday, was stoned by a mob of 6,000 persons. Two revolver shots were fired into his carriage, but he escaped without injury. Many persons were hurt in the scuffle.

The Abe Lincoln command of the Union Veterans' Union has withdrawn from that organization and surrendered its charter. The cause is said to be due to an order issued prior to the last national election by Gen. W. H. Michael, Commander of the Department of the Potomac.

Governor Flower has commuted to imprisonment for life the sentence of Edward Geoghan, who was to have been executed at Sing Sing Prison during the week beginning September 4 for the murder of his wife. The ground upon which the Governor based his action is that of the insanity of the convict.

Through the inability of the Nicaragua Canal and Construction Company to sell its securities, the famous corporation has failed. With President Warner Miller's consent and approval Thomas B. Atkins, of New York, was appointed by Judge Benedict as receiver of the company, with $25,000 bonds, upon the application of Louis Chobie, one of the stockholders.

APPALLING RAILROAD DISASTER.

A Boston & Albany Train Goes Through a Bridge—Several Killed and Injured.

The Chicago limited express on the Boston and Albany Railroad went through a bridge one mile east of Chester, Mass., on Thursday, causing the instant death of thirteen people and the injuring of thirty-five more, several of whom will die. The train was composed of two day coaches, one smoking car, one buffet car, one dining car and two sleeping cars. The engine was one of the new Mogul 75-ton pattern, and was running at an increased speed owing to being behind time. The bridge, which had two spans, was being strengthened on account of the heavy rolling stock now being put in service by the company. The locomotive left the rails on the last span and, breaking the connections, plunged down the embankment on its side. The buffet and dining car, with the two sleepers, went through the bridge with a crash, one car landing in the bed of the creek on its end, with the side resting against the abutments, hurling the passengers with terrible force to the lower end. The work of rescue was promptly begun, and word was sent for assistance to the nearest villages, which promptly arrived. The following is the list of killed so far as known, though there are several missing, and it is feared they are buried beneath the wreck: J. H. Murray, Greenbush, N. Y., baggage master; Emma Delerty, Columbus, O.; H. C. Ives, Chicago; T. Everett Sedgewick, Palmer, express messenger; James McMasters, Springfield, brakeman; George H. Morse, Boston, Wagner car conductor; J. C. Stackpole, Hartford, Conn.; R. C. Hitchcock, Bellows Falls, Vt.; J. E. De Witt, Portland Me., President of the Union Mutual Life Insurance Company; Thomas Kelley, Boston, blanket manufacturer; Miss Susie Cutting, Boston; Mrs. C. Bishpam, Philadelphia; Mrs. J. S. Winchell, Oneida, N. Y., and an unknown woman, plainly dressed, apparently about twenty-

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TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

A dispatch from Madrid conveys the information that the Marquis de Barbules, brother of the Duke de Veregua, is also poor, and, as a direct descendant of Christopher Columbus, would thankfully receive an American subscription.

The steamer Empress of India brings particulars of the massacre in Sungpu, China, of Rev. Mr. Wikholm and Rev. Mr. Johansen, Swedish missionaries. Their house was attacked by the mob. The missionaries, finally being driven out, were stoned to death on the street, their bodies mutilated and left a prey to the dogs.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NOTES.

Fresh News and Gossip from the Seat of Government.

Government silver purchases for July did not exceed $2,500,000.

There will be $13,500,000 paid out on account of pensions during the month of August.

Official information has been received of the successful trial of the Howell torpedo, at the torpedo station at Tiverton, R. I. The torpedo showed remarkable accuracy, and it is believed will surpass the English Whitehead torpedo.

The Navy Department has received an account of the doings of the Behring Sea fleet up to the first of this month. The health of the fleet is excellent. Seven American and 25 British sealers had been taken, with 1394 American and 18,216 British skins.

Owing to conflicting statements in regard to the failures of National banks, Comptroller Eckels has prepared a statement showing that the total number of failures to August 1, was 105, of which 14 have already resumed, and many others are preparing to resume. But 37 banks went into the hands of receivers.

NEW YORK OFFICES FILLED.

James T. Kilbreth for Collector and Walter H. Bunn for Appraiser.

President Cleveland has at last filled the offices of Collector and Appraiser of the Port of New York, the Republican occupants of which tendered their resignations shortly after his nomination. The new appointees are as follows:

James T. Kilbreth, of New York city, Collector of Customs for the district of New York, vice Hendricks, removed. James T. Kilbreth is a former police justice of New York, and was a former member of the County democracy, and a prominent Anti-Tammanyite last year. He is a lawyer by profession, a man of high character, and had not been mentioned in connection with the office.

Walter H. Bunn, of Cooperstown, N. Y., Appraiser of Merchandise for the district of New York, vice Cooper, resigned. Mr. Bunn is a lawyer by profession, and has been an active democrat. He was appointed United States marshal of the Northern District of New York by Mr. Cleveland on his first administration, and served until succeeded by Archie Baxter of Utica, in 1889. He was a strong supporter of Mr. Cleveland's renomination in 1892.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH gives immediate relief. Catarrhal virus is soon expelled from the system, and the diseased action of the mucous membrane is replaced by healthy secretions. The dose is small. One package contains a sufficient quantity for a long treatment.

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A Cold in the Head is relieved by an application of Piso's remedy for Catarrh. The comfort to be got from it in this way is worth many times its cost. Easy and pleasant to use. Price, 50 cents. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

AMONG THE HINDU POOR.

Multitudes of Aborigines, Almost Unclothed, Living in Wretched Buildings.

Measured by any standard of actual possessions, says a writer in the Pauline Mission Message, the aboriginal and unmixed Hindu population is poor indeed. It has often been a wonder to us that the laboring classes among Hindus build so poorly, and one is not less surprised to see the comparatively superior houses the Koi takes the pains to build. A man can rarely stand in a poor Hindu's one to three rupee house, he nearly always can comfortably do so in the Koiwar's more capacious, better-roofed home. But this house is about all. Seldom do brass cooking vessels appear in the hands of the Kois. The most common earthenware, cheap, easily broken and quickly replaced, do them. Better utensils are seen among even the poor Hindus. Here and there are flocks, but a few fowls, perhaps a goat or two, a dog, and one or two genuine "scalawag" pigs make up a Koi estate. In the west the men dress better than in Bastar. The women go with the upper body only imperfectly covered by a cloth that covers the lower body, one end of which is thrown up over one shoulder from the front.

In the villages of Bastar we find multitudes with no more than a piece of cloth three feet by nine inches, a very scant covering for the human frame. Our hearts have been touched with pity many a time as men, women and children have come out to hear us preach, sing and pray. It is noticeable that the natural modesty of mankind is not wholly lost even among the most barbarous tribes, or under the vilest of heathen systems. We first thought such nudity would prove the depravity of the people. But to our surprise we did not find any more immorality among the aboriginee than the Hindu. Children up to eight or ten years are usually utterly naked. Among the Hindus the marriage relation is very lightly esteemed. The Koi, on the other hand, may polygamise, but generally he has but one wife.

Notwithstanding the apparent poverty of the aborigines among whom we have travelled, they seem remarkably happy. Almost every night you hear the village song and the tom-tom. This is to amuse themselves and frighten away the wild beasts that abound about them and are the plague of their stock pens. Whatever else the people have or have not, they get and use tobacco. They grow it and its use by both sexes is everywhere seen. Even little children indulge in the poison. Drinking under the British "out-still system" is fearfully prevalent along the Godavery and drunkenness is spreading greatly in that vicinity; up to a recent date the people of Bastar have been comparatively free from this vice. But the British excise system is set up, and the mohwa tree, the flower of which yields liquor, abounds.

Five thousand people meet in Jagdapur every Sunday market day. These weekly bazaars afford a fine opportunity for evangelizing. Much of the grain carrying is done on the heads of women, or on men's shoulders.

The aboriginee wears plenty of jewelry. Men put on most of it. We frequently see from ten to one hundred different articles of ornament. Naked they may be, but they must have jewelry. We have seen thirty-eight rings in a man's two ears on a feast day.

The great respect apparently shown to woman among the aborigines is striking. She seems to be reckoned fairly man's equal. This greatly simplifies missionary work among them. Our preachers can at the same time with equal facility reach both men and women. At Yellandu three-fifths of all who hear our preachers are women. The aboriginee either in the west or east builds no temple to his gods. These people revere gods they esteem to dwell in the hills. They worship the five brother kings, of whom Beem Der and Dharma Rai are the favorites. They sacrifice to appease the Hindu small-pox goddess, but do this in the open air. Every high hill is deemed sacred, and it is difficult to get one of these people to ascend one of the higher hills. They have no idols so-called. The last man among them will tell you "God is above." When you ask him why he does not worship him and him only he frankly says because he does just what his father taught him.

Everywhere the magic-man is dreaded, and he takes good care to fleece the people well for his own profit. Jagdapur is full of temples and literally somebody has made "priests of the common people" here. Such is the country, the people, their history, their customs, condition and religion told but in part.

Treatment of Watches.

That a watch may keep good time, says Chambers's Journal, it should be carefully treated; it should be wound at the same time daily, and when not worn should be placed in the same position, always hung up, or always laid down, as every watch goes differently in different positions. In watches having a double case, the outer one should never be left open. If it is left open even for one night the glass is covered with a thin film of dust, which will gradually enter the works through even the tiniest openings in the case.

Watches should be wound in the morning, because a spring fully wound up will more readily overcome the disturbances produced by the movements of the wearer. Springs will not break so easily if watches are carefully wound up and not taken out of a warm pocket and placed directly against a cold wall or on a marble slab; for that reason a protective mat is desirable.

The changes of the oil, the variations in temperature, the density and humidity of the air, all greatly affect the going of a watch, and it is only the lever watch of the most perfect finish which almost neutralizes those adverse influences. No watch keeps perfectly correct time. Even the best chronometers, used in observatories and on board ships, must be regulated according to tables which fix the variations to which watches are subject.

A watch should be cleaned every two or three years. In time the oil decomposes, gets mixed with the particles of dust which enter the works of even the best-closing watch, begins to act as a grinding material, and wears out the working parts. It frequently happens that a watch requires cleaning oftener than once in two years, especially if it closes badly or is exposed to much dust and dirt. Any one who has the misfortune to drop his watch into water should take it at once to the watchmaker, to have it taken to pieces and cleaned; a delay of even an hour may spoil the watch forever.

A Man Who Was Not a Liar.

An active, energetic young Detroiter, who is now very happily married and doing extremely well, took a chance on getting his wife it might be well for others to try. When he had settled the matter satisfactorily with the daughter, he interviewed the father. The old gentleman looked him over critically when he stated the object of his visit.

"I believe," he said, "that you have a record, as the boys say?"

"Yes," he responded frankly. "I haven't neglected my opportunities."

"Do you gamble?"

"Well, I play a little poker and bet on an election or a sporting event now and then."

"Do you drink?"

"Yes, when I want to."

"Do you dance and go to the theater?"

"Yes, when I've got the money to pay for it."

"Do you save any money?"

"Not much."

The father looked stern.

"And still you want to marry my daughter."

"Certainly. Why not?"

"Do you think a man who has a record such as you confess to should have a good woman for a wife?"

"He shouldn't have any other kind, I'm dead sure."

The father smiled.

"Well," he said, "whatever else you are, you are not a liar, and I guess I'll risk you."

It was a safe risk.—Detroit Tribune.

The Fee Question In England.

In discussing "What to Give When Visiting," a writer in a London paper brings out some curious history of old time English feeing.

"In town," he says, "the feeing system is certainly on the decline. Formerly fees were given under the name of 'vails' to servants by dinner guests and ball guests and even by luncheon guests. This is now quite a thing of the past. Fashionable society does not give and is not expected to give. The middle classes, however, still retain this old fashioned custom—they give their crowns and half crowns to the parlor maids, and even mention this when engaging them. 'I often give luncheon parties,' remarks an old lady to an applicant for her situation, 'and you will find my friends are very generous.'

"Such trifling fees, however, could not be looked upon as a tax, but they were a trouble, and they have fallen into abeyance. At the theaters the feeing system is rapidly disappearing, to the great satisfaction of the public, who feel that quite enough is charged for seats without having to pay to be shown into them."

In the Act of Robbing a Bank.

Those who were in the Cambridgeport National bank Thursday afternoon saw a man who a few years ago was considered one of the most notorious bank robbers in the country. The man was Langdon W. Moore, and one of his most successful robberies was the stealing of $16,000 in bonds and money from that very bank.

In a few words Moore made known his errand to the officers of the bank. He is writing a book, and it is to be illustrated with pictures of some of the most successful of his daring robberies. Having gained the required permission, Moore took the same position that he did on the occasion of the robbery many years ago, the bank now being arranged practically the same as then. A young man took the place of his accomplice, and another took the picture.—Boston Transcript.

Greece May Yet Become Powerful.

Manhood suffrage is an unstable foundation for a government; yet in Greece, where the population is almost exclusively agricultural and, except in Thessaly, peasant proprietary is universal, there is less cause to apprehend those furious gusts of popular feeling which affect people crowded together in great industrial centers. If military and naval expenditure—especially the latter, for which in a country without colonies there ought to be no pressing necessity—can be kept within reasonable limits, there is good cause to hope that the new kingdom will be firmly established, her desolate fields become repeopled and her internal resources steadily developed.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Our Oldest Bit of Literature.

The book of Job, as it is incorporated in the Bible, is believed to be the most ancient literary work in existence. It is known to have been written prior to the Pentateuch and prior to the promulgation of the law. In profane literature the poems of Homer are the most ancient that have come down to our day, though the names of others still older are in existence. The Pentateuch was written about the year 1451 B. C., and the Homeric poems about 640 years later. —St. Louis Republic.

The Luxury of Bathing.

Persons who suffer with bad circulation should give special attention to the care of the feet. There is such a luxury in bathing that it is a wonder that any one neglects it even for the comfort of it, to say nothing of its importance in the matter of health. —Brooklyn Citizen.

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MISSED THE LEADEN SHOWER.

An Ex-Confederate Tells How a Kiss in the Moonlight Saved Him.

"I was a lieutenant-colonel of a Kentucky regiment," said Col. John C. Underwood, of Kentucky, to a Boston *Globe* man. "Our command was in East Tennessee, and one bright moonlight night I concluded to ride away from camp and take a look about the vicinity.

"I rode several miles and, coming to a farm house, hitched my horse and knocked at the door. A young woman, the most beautiful I had ever seen, it seemed to me, appeared after a while and invited me in.

"She and her aged mother were the only occupants of the house, the men of the family being in the Confederate army. We chatted pleasantly for a few minutes, when my fair hostess arose and said: 'Colonel, you ran a great risk in leaving your horse in such an exposed position. The Yankee pickets are all about it. I will go and put him in the barn.'

"She left the room and after a few minutes returned, when we resumed our conversation. Suddenly she started up and listened. 'Colonel, you must go now,' she exclaimed. 'I hear the sound of horses' hoofs; the Federals are coming!' Rushing out of doors, she led my horse to the back of the house, and I, following her, jumped on his back.

"The most natural thing for me to have done would have been to set spurs to him and get away as soon as possible. But I could not. I was young and impressionable, and the situation was entrancing. The moon shed a silver light upon the earth, a gentle breeze was stirring and the rustle of the leaves in the grand old trees was like music to my soul. And amid these enchanting surroundings a beautiful face with tearful eyes looked into mine, beseeching me to hasten.

"I could not resist the temptation, and stooping down from my horse put my arm around her, drew her closer to my side and kissed her. As I did so a shower of bullets passed over my head. One of them went through the rim of my hat. I was in full sight of a company of Federal horsemen. No other warning was necessary. My horse realized the danger as well as I and a race for life ensued. The enemy pressed hard upon me for a time, and more than once their bullets grazed my head, but fortune favored me, and I at length reached the Confederate lines in safety. Do you wonder that I remember when a kiss saved my life?"

Ages at Which Men Marry.

Statistics show that a law of chances governs in the vast majority of cases the ages at which men marry, who are engaged in certain occupations. Workmen and artisans take unto themselves wives at an earlier age than those whose vocations are of a more intellectual kind. Thus, miners, textile factory hands, laborers and artisans marry at an average of twenty-two years. Of these the miners are first in the field, more than 100 of every 1,000 of them securing wives before they have become of age. Workers in textile fabrics run them close, then come shoemakers and tailors, and they are followed by artisans and laborers. Farmers and farmers' sons consider twenty-five early enough. Commercial clerks seek the pleasures of matrimony at twenty-six. Shop keepers and shopmen postpone the rapture a little while longer. Professional men and gentlemen of independent means rarely care to encumber themselves even with so delightful a burden as a wife until they have toed the line of over thirty years. Though the rich marry at a more ripe age than the working fraternity, they continue marrying until long after the last named have ceased to wed. Whereas fourteen miners and twenty-five artisans in every 1,000 marry between the ages of thirty-five and forty, nearly 100 of the professional and independent class do. It is explained in this way: The rich like to see something of the world and its pleasures before settling down to sober matrimony. A laborer has neither desire nor opportunity for it. When he has a house of his own, and a wife to look after it for him, he has attained, perhaps, to the height of his ambition. It is said a man is neither physically nor mentally mature until he is thirty, and if this is true, it stands to reason a man at that age should be better fitted for the duties of a husband and father than a stripling of twenty-one.—N. Y. Ledger.

The English Language.

Professor Vambery has been lecturing on the "Fashion of Languages" before the Buda-Pest English Club. English, he said, may now be called the most fashionable language in all the five parts of the world. It began to spread in the first decades of the century through English literature, and in Asia by means of accelerated communication. Steamers were the wings of the English language in the far East, and its spreading from India and the Straits Settlements to China and Japan is simply miraculous.

There is no exaggeration in saying that the number of English-speaking Asiatics amounts today to 3,000,000; that of Europeans to more than 1,000,000, and these, added to 126,000,000 Anglo-Saxons, give a total of English-speaking men and women of 130,000,000. Should the increase continue in the same proportion, the middle of next century will have 200,000,000 English-speaking persons and the English will have no rival in the world beside the Chinese.

Phonetically English is unsuitable for the foreigner, and the lecturer declares he always suffer pain in the jaws when speaking publicly in England and trying to imitate genuine English. The phonetic difficulties are, however, amply rewarded through the expressiveness, the rare precision, vigor and exactness in which English surpasses all other European tongues.—London News.

BIG BATTLESHIP SUNK.

The British Battleship Victoria Run Down by her Consort.

The British battleship Victoria was sunk last Friday near Tripoli, a seaport in the Eastern Mediterranean, by her consort, the British battleship Camperdown. Some 463 lives were lost. Sir George Tryon, K. C. B., Vice-Admiral in command of the Mediterranean Squadron, is among those who perished. Both vessels belonged to the Mediterranean Squadron. The Victoria flew the flag of the Vice-Admiral. The two battleships were engaged in naval tactics off the Syrian coast. The weather was bright and the sun shining. The two ships were going through their maneuvers within a distance of three miles of each other, which gave each ship but a small space considering the reaction of the tide. Suddenly the Camperdown was carried towards the Victoria by the tide in a rapid way. Before the Victoria could steam ahead or the Camperdown's commander obtain control of his vessel, she struck the Victoria. The Camperdown's ram hit the flag ship near the foremost starboard turret, tearing an immense hole in her side, extending into several water-tight compartments. The Victoria at once began to settle, and while her crew were trying to shut bulkhead doors to prevent the water spreading, she turned over and instantly sank from sight. So rapidly was the plunge taken that those on board the Victoria had but little chance to cut loose the small boats. Several, however, were released, only to be carried down by the suction. Of this number 255 managed to get out of the whirlpool and were rescued by the small boats of the Camperdown. Eye witnesses report that the vessel was nearly cut in two alongside, and that every one below deck at the time perished. The news of the disaster caused the greatest excitement throughout England. The Victoria was a single turret ship, carrying two 110-ton guns mounted in a forward turret coated with eighteen inches of compound armor; one 10-inch 29-ton gun, firing aft, and a broadside auxiliary armament of twelve 6-inch 5-ton guns. Of artillery of smaller nature she carried twenty-one quick-firing and eight machine guns. Her maximum speed was 16.75 knots. She could stow 1,200 tons of coal in her bunkers, and her radius of action at ten-knot speed, with her full complement of coal, was estimated at 7,000 knots. Her armored belt and bulkheads consisted of compound armor from sixteen to eighteen inches in thickness. It is believed this disaster, showing the unwieldiness of big battleships and the terribly effective power of the ram as a naval weapon, will cause another revolution in ocean warfare, and lead to a general building of vessels like the Ammen ram. A complete model of the Victoria is part of the British naval exhibit at Chicago.

Home Rule Finances.

Mr. Gladstone's new financial proposals in connection with the proposed Irish Parliament do not meet with cordial approval from Irish Home Rulers, but will probably be accepted as the best thing obtainable. The new scheme provides that the revenue shall be divided into two classes—general and special. Ireland shall bear her own civil charges. A separate exchequer and consolidated fund shall be established. The taxes imposed by the Irish Parliament shall form part of the special revenue to be applied to the public service of Ireland. The postage duties in Ireland, until the imperial contribution shall have been revised, shall be imposed by the Imperial Parliament. If the post-office revenue shall be less than the expenditures the deficiency must be paid to the Imperial Exchequer out of the Irish Exchequer. An illustrative treasury statement, based upon the receipts and expenditures of 1892-93, shows a surplus of $2,560,000.

New York's New Postmaster.

"I expect to take hold of my duties at that post-office on July 1," said Mr. Dayton, New York's new postmaster, "and will devote the months of July and August to a careful study of the requirements of the place. I am convinced that the office needs a thorough overhauling. Matters have been running on in the same old way there for the past thirty years, and I have a number of suggestions for changes to submit to the Postmaster-General." Mr. Dayton added that all of the clerks who were efficient would be retained in their places, providing they come under the operations of the civil service law. An inventory of the Government properties in the post-office will take place June 30.

Senator Hill Denies Writing a Letter.

Senator Hill was asked at Albany about a letter on the silver question, purporting to have been sent by him from Albany to the President of the Board of Trade at Cincinnati. Senator Hill said that he had written no letter to Cincinnati on the silver question or any other question, but that at the request of Mr. Dolph, President of the Board of Trade of that city, for his views upon the financial question, he had caused his clerk to forward Mr. Dolph a printed copy of his remarks on his bill for the repeal of the Sherman law, delivered in the Senate in February last, and stating that his sentiments were expressed in that speech.

Reading's Affairs.

The Reading will have to provide for $1,500,000 interest on July 1, nearly $900,000 of which is due to holders of the general mortgage bonds. On the same date its indebtedness to Speyer & Co. will fall due. The latter loan is secured by $5,340,000 collateral trust bonds, $1,000,000 third preference bonds and $200,000 Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburg bonds. The impression prevails that the company will be unable to meet the general mortgage interest, and it is possible that an arrangement will be made with Drexel & Co. to buy the coupons. Officials state that the company will fully meet its obligations.

The University Boat Race.

The annual university boat race between Yale and Harvard will take place at New London, Conn., on Friday of this week. The crews are believed to be pretty evenly matched, and there is lively guessing as to the result. The Yale crew will use the famous "Bob Cook" stroke, while Harvard has adopted the English University stroke. The course is four miles.

INTERVIEWING TRAMPS.

Curious Information Regarding a Curious Class of Individuals.

The Rev. J. J. McCook, of New York, preaches good citizenship by practicing it. He is always pegging away at something for the public good. Now, with the help of the mayors and police officers of fourteen American cities, he has been taking a "tramp census," and he communicates the results—or some of them—to the Forum.

The number of American tramps covered by this census is 1,349. Thirty-two questions were asked in every case, and Mr. McCook grieves that he inadvertently omitted a thirty-third, though he tells us in the same breath of one involuntarily catechumen who found the thirty-two too many. "That's a devil of a lot of questions," exclaimed this indignant victim, "to ask a fellow for a night's lodging!" In the most ambitious previous tramp census of which Mr. McCook has heard—London, 1889—the number of weary wanderers questioned was only 286.

Of these 1,349 American tramps, less than one-half describe themselves as unskilled laborers, and only sixteen say they have no regular calling. Of the representatives—on the retired list—of skilled labor, 46 per cent. say they used to be sailors, firemen, brakemen, shoemakers, curriers, teamsters, hostlers, blacksmiths or horseshoers. Mr. McCook's drag net caught three electricians, two brokers, two reporters, a music teacher, a designer, an artist ."a real German count"), a Salvation Army captain, a "gentleman," but no clergyman and no professor. "The sedentary clerk," he tells us, "was just as numerous as the nomadic peddler."

Nearly all of the 1,349 tramps are in the prime of life, averaging much younger than their (recorded) fellow pilgrims in England and Germany. "Following my results," says Mr. McCook, "we may expect to find one tramp in twenty under twenty years, three out of five under thirty-five, seventy-five out of every 100 under forty, and one in twelve fifty or over. Only one in 111 will be over seventy."

Of the whole number questioned 83.5 per cent. promptly said their health was "good;" 8 per cent. "pretty good," or "not very good;" 8.5 per cent. "bad." This at a time when the grip was raging among well-fed, well-housed people, and the general death rate was disquietingly high. "Neither the tramp's age nor his health, then," concludes Mr McCook, "is a bar to successful labor.

Only fifty out of the 1,349 owned up to having been on the road more than a year. The explanations of their presence there given by 82.8 per cent. of the whole number were: "Out of money," "Out of work," "Looking for work." Twelve "wanted to see the country;" eight "wanted to take life easy;" six said they would not work; twenty-five laid their tramping to drink. One exceptionally candid wanderer diagnosed his case in three words, "Whiskey and lazy."

As to nativity, 56.1 per cent. of the 1,349 were born in this country, 20.3 per cent. in Ireland, 8.6 per cent. in England, 3.4 per cent. in the Scandinavian countries, 2.6 per cent in bonny Scotland. There are thirteen negroes in the lot and one Indian. Only one Southern State is represented, and that by a white man. "The tramp," remarks Mr. McCook, "seems to be a product of our Northern civilization and to move along the more temperate belt, avoiding extremes of heat and cold as being disagreeable and less favorable to health."

Don't think of the tramps as illiterate: 1,187 of the 1,349 can read and write, 18 of the 162 who can't write can read, and one of the favorite purchases is the daily newspaper. Only 7.3 per cent. are married; 4.4 per cent. are widowers. Thirty of the 1,349 say they are total abstainers, 459 that they are temperate, 825 that they are intemperate. Only 5.8 per cent. own up to having been convicted of crimes other than drunkenness. Only 113 say they have no religion. Only 116 say they have seen the inside of the almshouse. By their own admission 14.9 per cent. of the whole number are, or have been, specially dangerous to the public health.

Are Women Responsible?

It was Marguerite of Valois who said, with unusual severity for a woman, that "the less one sees and knows men the higher one esteems them."

It is obvious that the cynical Margaret really meant to say that the better one knows men the greater is one's contempt for them.

These sharp-tongued assaults are interesting and diverting as specimens of satirical raillery, but to the analytical mind they present nothing worth while. The simple truth is, women do not hold such sentiments towards men; though every one knows that to a considerable extent they would be justified in so holding. The general attitude of women is one of seeming worshipful admiration. This is bad, especially for very young men, who are thus puffed up by conceit and made unspeakably disagreeable, whereas were they let alone they might disclose a becoming measure of modesty and self-distrust. It is about time for women to face the fact that they are directly chargable with most of the unpleasing characteristics of man. They constantly feed his vanity; they habitually practice duplicity and in their intercourse with him the note of sincerity is seldom heard. Naturally the man desires the "clinging trust" of the woman, but he is too dull-headed to perceive that what he takes for clinging trust is clever diplomacy, and it is an axiom that the only way to become a clever diplomat is to cultivate deceit.

The Creole.

A creole, strictly speaking, is any person born in this country or the West Indies of European ancestors; also any person born in or near the tropics, and this is the sense in which the word is usually employed. The use of the word, however, has been by some restricted first to children of foreign parents born in Louisiana, and, second, to children of Spanish or French parents born in Louisiana, and then in the North the word has been perverted so that it is believed to imply some strain of negro blood in a person to whom it is applied. It does not imply anything of the sort.—New York Herald.

Already Done.

Starter—I met a man this morning who said I looked like you.

Smartley—Tell me who he is and I'll go and knock him down.

Starter—I did that myself.

VANDERBILT'S MOUNTAIN HOME.

How a Wilderness has Been Transformed into a Flower Garden.

George W. Vanderbilt, one of the younger members of that famous family, has developed an untamed North Carolina forest into a beautiful home. He is not yet thirty years of age, but, to judge from the Lewisburg, Pa., Chronicle's description of the transformation he has effected in the North Carolina mountains, he seems to be spending his money with an intelligence somewhat rare among men who have so much to spend, and his enterprise is suggestive of the period which, in view of the rapid increase of the population of the country, cannot be very far distant when land in the United States must be very much more valuable than it is to-day. Mr. Vanderbilt's tastes are said to run in the direction of art and letters. His North Carolina enterprise indicates that he represents a development in his beyond the money acquiring stage. His first step was to purchase, besides several mountains, 18,000 acres of land along the French Broad and the Swananoa Rivers. The next step in which he exhibited unusual intelligence in enjoying his opportunities was to restrain the natural temptation to carry out plans of his own and to employ the services of the greatest landscape artist in the country, Frederick Law Olmstead, who had so much to do with laying out the World's Fair grounds. So far, sixty-five miles of macadam road have been constructed on Mr. Vanderbilt's North Carolina estate. Seven hundred men are employed, their wages running from $1 per day to the salary of $12,000 paid to the overseer.

Three years ago the work of transforming old fields, pastures and woodlands into a harmonious landscape began, and Prof. Harbeson, who has spent many days in studying the development of the place, is enthusiastic over the progress made. He says that Druid Hill Park, at Baltimore; Fairmount Park, at Philadelphia; the Boston Garden and the Central Park, of New York, contain nothing that is comparable with several miles of the approach on the Vanderbilt estate, which is art of the highest kind, a combination of nature and the work of man so happily joined that the eye cannot tell where the one ends and the other begins. Bowlders have been set in place, rhododendrons transplanted, and the whole is dechared to be a poem in plants, trees and flowers, the longest poem ever made and one of the greatest. A trained forester is setting out large plantations of forest trees. The arboretum is declared to surpass the famous Arnold arboretum at Cambridge, and when completed will contain every tree, shrub and woody plant found in the world which is hardy to the climate. Ten miles of railroads have been constructed to transport materials about the estate. Vast extents of land, which a year or so ago were entirely unproductive, have been so changed by plowing, heavy manuring and green soiling that to-day Prof. Harbeson says they are growing as fine crops as can be grown in the most fertile valleys of the Northern States. Lately Mr. Vanderbilt has added 20,000 acres for a hunting park. There will be deer parks and lakes, and the house, which will cost about $5,000,000, it is said, will be the largest dwelling-house in the world and one of the world's most famous structures. Already by the introduction of mosses and vines at the bridges portions of the place have taken on the appearance of age and the appearance of newness has been overcome.

The First Consul.

Just before the review began we saw several officers in gorgeous uniforms ascend the stairs, one of whom, whose helmet seemed entirely of gold, was Eugene de Beauharnais. A few minutes afterwards there was a rush of officers down the stairs, and among them I saw a short, pale man, with his hat in his hand, who resembled Lord Erskine in profile. But, though my friend whispered, "C'est lui," I did not comprehend that I beheld Bonaparte till I saw him stand alone at the gate.

In another moment he was on his horse, while I, trembling with emotion, gazed on him intently, endeavoring to commit each expressive, sharply-chiseled feature to memory, contrasting also with admiration his small, simple hat, adorned with nothing but a little tri-colored cockade, and his blue coat, guiltless of gold embroidery, with the splendid adornments of the officers who followed him.

At length the review ended—too soon for me. The First Consul sprang from his horse. We threw open our door again, and, as he slowly reascended the stairs, we saw him very near us, and in full face, while his bright, restless, expressive and, as we fancied, dark blue eyes beaming from under long black eyelashes, glanced over us with a scrutinizing but complacent look.—Mrs. Opie, in Tait's Magazine, 1831.

Many Faces in One.

A comical story is told of a young man who was shown a photograph of a young lady which seemed to impress him very much. The impression of the countenance in the portrait denoted a strong will, yet a gentle disposition. It was the face of a young lady whom one would like to know.

"Who is the original of this portrait?" the young man inquired.

"The graduating class of Smith College, Northampton," was the reply.

It was a composite photograph, and the admiring young man awoke regretfully to the fact that there was in reality no such lady as the one whose face had so strongly impressed him—or, rather, that there were forty-nine of her!

A young lady who, on seeing a composite photograph of a small circle of friends of which she was a member, exclaimed: "It is so charming to enjoy the portrait of somebody who is all one's intimate friends at once!"

Mind Acting on Matter.

He—I am afraid it will be a great shock to her to find that her fiance is flirting with that handsome blonde.

She—Yes; I shouldn't wonder if it made her hair turn light in one night. —World's Fair Puck.

Needless Advice.

Mrs. Essey—If you drink brandy without putting water in it you will ruin the coat of your stomach.

Hen Essey (absently)—Never mind; it's an old coat.—Puck.

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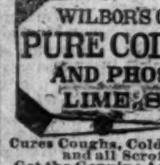

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